Express Mail Label N .: EV399525923US

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

Amendments to the Specification:

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 19, line 17 and ending on page 19, line 27, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- For example, an enzymatic assay to determine the activity of a histone deacetylasean HDAC inhibitor compound can be conducted as follows. Briefly, the effect of an HDAC inhibitor compound on affinity purified human epitope-tagged (Flag) HDAC1 can be assayed by incubating the enzyme preparation in the absence of substrate on ice for about 20 minutes with the indicated amount of inhibitor compound. Substrate ([³H]acetyl-labelled murine erythroleukemia cell-derived histone) can be added and the sample can be incubated for 20 minutes at 37°C in a total volume of 30 μL. The reaction can then be stopped and released acetate can be extracted and the amount of radioactivity release determined by scintillation counting. An alternative assay useful for determining the activity of a histone deacetylasean HDAC inhibitor compound is the "HDAC Fluorescent Activity Assay; Drug Discovery Kit-AK-500" available from BIOMOL® Research Laboratories, Inc., Plymouth Meeting, PA. --

Please replace the section beginning at page 20, line 16 and ending on page 20, line 22, with the following rewritten section:

-- Thus, the present invention includes within its broad scope compositions comprising HDAC inhibitors which are 1) hydroxamic acid derivatives; 2) Short-Chain Fatty Acids (SCFAs); 3) cyclic tetrapeptides; 4) benzamides; 5) electrophilic ketones; and/or any other class of compounds capable of inhibiting histone deacetylases, for use in inhibiting histone deacetylase, inducing terminal differentiation, cell growth arrest and/or apoptosis in neoplastic cells, and /or inducing differentiation, cell growth arrest and/or apoptosis of tumor cells in a tumor.

Examples Non-limiting examples of such HDAC inhibitors include, but are not limited to:are set forth below. It is understood that the present invention includes any salts, crystal structures, amorphous structures, hydrates, derivatives, metabolites, stereoisomers, structural isomers and prodrugs of the HDAC inhibitors described herein.

2

Express Mail Label No.: EV399525923US

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

Please replace the section beginning at page 20, line 23 and ending on page 45, line 2, with the following rewritten section:

- -- A. Hydroxamic Acid Derivatives such as suberoylanilide hydroxamic acid (SAHA) (Richon et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95,3003-3007 (1998)); m-carboxycinnamic acid bishydroxamide (CBHA) (Richon et al., supra); pyroxamide; trichostatin analogues such as trichostatin A (TSA) and trichostatin C (Koghe et al. 1998. Biochem. Pharmacol. 56: 1359-1364); salieylihydroxamiesalicylhydroxamic acid (SBHA) (Andrews et al., International J. Parasitology 30,761-768 (2000)); suberoyl bishydroxamic acid (SBHA) (U.S. Patent No. 5,608,108); azelaic bishydroxamic acid (ABHA) (Andrews et al., supra); azelaic-1-hydroxamate-9-anilide (AAHA) (Qiu et al., Mol. Biol. Cell 11, 2069-2083 (2000)); 6-(3-chlorophenylureido) carpoic hydroxamic acid (3Cl-UCHA); oxamflatin [(2E)-5-[3-[(phenylsufonyl) aminol phenyl]-pent-2-en-4-ynohydroxamic acid] (Kim et al. Oncogene, 18: 2461 2470 (1999)); A-161906, Scriptaid (Su et al. 2000 Cancer Research, 60: 3137-3142); PXD-101 (Prolifix); LAQ-824; CHAP; MW2796 (Andrews et al., supra); MW2996 (Andrews et al., supra); or any of the hydroxamic acids disclosed in U.S. Patent Numbers 5,369,108, 5,932,616, 5,700,811, 6,087,367 and 6,511, 990.
- B. <u>Cyclic Tetrapeptides</u> such as trapoxin A (TPX)-cyclic tetrapeptide (cyclo-(L-phenylalanyl-L-phenylalanyl-D-pipecolinyl-L-2-amino-8-oxo-9,10-epoxy decanoyl)) (Kijima *et al.*, J Biol. Chem. 268,22429-22435 (1993)); FR901228 (FK 228, depsipeptide) (Nakajima *et al.*, Ex. Cell Res. 241,126-133 (1998)); FR225497 cyclic tetrapeptide (H. Mori *et al.*, PCT Application WO 00/08048 (17 February 2000)); apicidin cyclic tetrapeptide [cyclo(N-O-methyl-L-tryptophanyl-L -isoleucinyl-D-pipecolinyl-L-2-amino-8-oxodecanoyl)] (Darkin-Rattray *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 93,1314313147 (1996)); apicidin Ia, apicidin Ib, apicidin Ic, apicidin IIa, and apicidin IIb (P. Dulski *et al.*, PCT Application WO 97/11366); CHAP, HC-toxin cyclic tetrapeptide (Bosch *et al.*, Plant Cell 7, 1941-1950 (1995)); WF27082 cyclic tetrapeptide (PCT Application WO 98/48825); and chlamydocin (Bosch *et al.*, supra).
- C. Short chain fatty acid (SCFA) derivatives such as: sodium butyrate (Cousens et al., J. Biol. Chem. 254,1716-1723 (1979)); isovalerate (McBain et al., Biochem. Pharm. 53: 1357-1368 (1997)); valerate (McBain et al., supra); 4-

Express Mail Label No.: EV399525923US

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

phenylbutyrate (4-PBA) (Lea and Tulsyan, Anticancer Research, 15,879-873 (1995)); phenylbutyrate (PB) (Wang *et al.*, Cancer Research, 59, 2766-2799 (1999)); propionate (McBain *et al.*, supra); butyramide (Lea and Tulsyan, supra); isobutyramide (Lea and Tulsyan, supra); phenylacetate (Lea and Tulsyan, supra); 3-bromopropionate (Lea and Tulsyan, supra); tributyrin (Guan *et al.*, Cancer Research, 60,749-755 (2000)); valproic acid-and valproate and PivanexTM.

- D. <u>Benzamide derivatives</u> such as CI-994; MS-27-275 [N- (2-aminophenyl)-4- [N- (pyridin-3-yl methoxycarbonyl) aminomethyl] benzamide] (Saito *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96, 4592-4597 (1999)); and 3'-amino derivative of MS-27-275 (Saito *et al.*, supra).
- E. Electrophilic ketone derivatives such as trifluoromethyl ketones (Frey et al, Bioorganic & Med. Chem. Lett. (2002), 12, 3443-3447; U.S. 6,511,990) and α -keto amides such as N-methyl- α -ketoamides
- F. Other HDAC Inhibitors such as depudecinnatural products, psammaplins and depudecin (Kwon et al. 1998. PNAS 95: 3356-3361.3361).

Preferred hydroxamic acid based HDAC inhibitors are suberoylanilide hydroxamic acid (SAHA), m-carboxycinnamic acid bishydroxamate (CBHA) and pyroxamide. SAHA has been shown to bind directly in the catalytic pocket of the histone deacetylase enzyme. SAHA induces cell cycle arrest, differentiation and/or apoptosis of transformed cells in culture and inhibits tumor growth in rodents. SAHA is effective at inducing these effects in both solid tumors and hematological cancers. It has been shown that SAHA is effective at inhibiting tumor growth in animals with no toxicity to the animal. The SAHA-induced inhibition of tumor growth is associated with an accumulation of acetylated histones in the tumor. SAHA is effective at inhibiting the development and continued growth of carcinogen-induced (N-methylnitrosourea) mammary tumors in rats. SAHA was administered to the rats in their diet over the 130 days of the study. Thus, SAHA is a nontoxic, orally active antitumor agent whose mechanism of action involves the inhibition of histone deacetylase activity.

Date f Deposit: December 22, 2003 Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

Preferred HDAC inhibitors are those disclosed in U.S. Patent Numbers 5,369,108, 5,932,616, 5,700,811, 6,087,367 and 6,511, 990, issued to some of the present inventors disclose compounds, the entire contents of which are incorporated herein by reference, non-limiting examples of which are set forth below:

Thus, in In one embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

$$C \longrightarrow (CH_2)n \longrightarrow C$$
 R_2
 $C \longrightarrow (CH_2)n \longrightarrow C$

wherein R₁ and R₂ can be the same or different; when R₁ and R₂ are the same, each is a substituted or unsubstituted arylamino, cycloalkylamino, pyridineamino, piperidino, 9-purine-6-amine or thiazoleamino group; when R₁ and R₂ are different R₁=R₃-N-R₄, wherein each of R₃ and R₄ are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted, branched or unbranched alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy or pyridine group, or R₃ and R₄ are bonded together to form a piperidine group, R₂ is a hydroxylamino, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino or alkyloxy group and n is an integer from about 4 to about 8.

In a particular embodiment of Formula formula 1, R_1 and R_2 are the same and are a substituted or unsubstituted thiazoleamino group; and n is an integer from about 4 to about 8.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC</u> inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 2, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

wherein each of R₃ and R₄ are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted, branched or

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003 Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

unbranched alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, arylalkyloxy, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy or pyridine group, or R3 and R4 are bonded together to form a piperidine group, R2 is a hydroxylamino, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino or alkyloxy group and n is an integer from about 4 to about 8.

In a particular embodiment of formula 2, each of R₃ and R₄ are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted, branched or unbranched alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, or pyridine group, or R₃ and R₄ bond together to form a piperidine group; R₂ is a hydroxylamino, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino, or alkyloxy group; n is an integer from 5 to 7; and R₃-N-R₄ and R₂ are different.

In another particular embodiment of Formula formula 2, n is 6. In yet another embodiment of Formula formula H,2, R4 is a hydrogen atom, R3 is a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl and n is 6. In yet another embodiment of Formula formula H,2, R4 is a hydrogen atom, R3 is a substituted phenyl and n is 6, wherein the phenyl substituent is selected from the group consisting of a methyl, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, amino, aminocarbonyl, methylcyano, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, 2,3-difluoro, 2,4-difluoro, 2,5-difluoro, 3,4-difluoro, 3,5-difluoro, 2,6-difluoro, 1,2,3-trifluoro, 2,3,6-trifluoro, 2,4,6-trifluoro, 3,4,5-trifluoro, 2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro, azido, hexyl, t-butyl, phenyl, carboxyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, phenyloxy, benzyloxy, phenylaminooxy, phenylaminocarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, methylaminocarbonyl, dimethylamino, dimethylamino carbonyl, or hydroxylaminocarbonyl group.

In another embodiment of formula 2, n is 6, R_4 is a hydrogen atom and R_3 is a cyclohexyl group. In another embodiment of formula 2, n is 6, R_4 is a hydrogen atom and R_3 is a methoxy group. In another embodiment of formula 2, n is 6 and R_3 and R_4 bond together to form a piperidine group. In another embodiment of formula 2, n is 6, R_4 is a hydrogen atom and R_3 is a benzyloxy group. In another embodiment of formula 2, R_4 is a hydrogen atom and R_3 is a γ -pyridine group. In another embodiment of formula 2, R_4 is a hydrogen atom and R_3 is a β -pyridine group. In another embodiment of formula 2, R_4 is a hydrogen atom and R_3 is an α -pyridine group. In another embodiment of formula 2, n is 6, and R_3 and R_4 are both methyl groups. In another embodiment of formula $\frac{11}{2}$, n is 6, R_4 is a methyl group and R_3 is a phenyl group.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC</u> inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compoundis

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003 Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

represented by the structure of formula 3, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

wherein n is an integer from 5 to about 8.

In a preferred embodiment of formula 3, n is 6. In accordance with this embodiment, the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising HDAC inhibitor is SAHA (4), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. SAHA can be represented by the following structural formula:

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC</u> inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 5, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compoundis

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

represented by the structure of formula 6 (pyroxamide), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound<u>is</u> represented by the structure of formula 7, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound<u>is</u> represented by the structure of formula 8, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

N
$$C \longrightarrow C$$
 $CH_2)_6 \longrightarrow C$ CH_2

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC</u> inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 9, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

Express Mail Label No.: EV399525923US

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003

Attorne

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC</u> inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 10, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

$$R_3$$
— N
 C — $(CH_2)n$ — C
 R_2

wherein R_3 is hydrogen and R_4 cycloalkyl, aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, or pyridine group, or R_3 and R_4 bond together to form a piperidine group; R_2 is a hydroxylamino group; and n is an integer from 5 to about 8.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound<u>is</u> represented by the structure of formula 11, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient:

$$R_3$$
— N
 C — $(CH_2)n$ — C
 R_2

wherein R_3 and R_4 are independently a substituted or unsubstituted, branched or unbranched alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, or pyridine group, cycloalkyl, aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, or pyridine group, or R_3 and R_4 bond together to form a piperidine group; R_2 is a hydroxylamino group; and n is an integer from 5 to about 8.

Express Mail Label No.: EV399525923US Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 12, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

wherein each of X and Y are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydroxyl, amino or hydroxylamino group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyloxy, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, alkylarylamino, alkyloxyamino, aryloxyamino, alkyloxyalkylamino, or aryloxyalkylamino group; R is a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl, group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, arylalkyloxy, or aryloxy group; and each of m and n are independently the same as or different from each other and are each an integer from about 0 to about 8.

In a particular embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor is a compound of Formula St12 wherein X, Y and R are each hydroxyl and both m and n are 5.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 13, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

wherein each of X and Y are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydroxyl, amino or hydroxylamino group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyloxy, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, alkylarylamino, alkyloxyamino, aryloxyamino, alkyloxyalkylamino or aryloxyalkylamino group; each of R₁ and R₂ are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, aryl, alkyloxy, or aryloxy group; and each of m, n and

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

o are independently the same as or different from each other and are each an integer from about 0 to about 8.

In one particular embodiment of formula 13, each of X and Y is a hydroxyl group and each of R_1 and R_2 is a methyl group. In another particular embodiment of formula 13, each of X and Y is a hydroxyl group, each of R_1 and R_2 is a methyl group, each of n and o is 6, and m is 2.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC</u> inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 14, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

wherein each of X and Y are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydroxyl, amino or hydroxylamino group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyloxy, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, alkylarylamino, alkyloxyamino, aryloxyamino, alkyloxyalkylamino or aryloxyalkylamino group; each of R₁ and R₂ are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, aryl, alkyloxy, or aryloxy group; and each of m and n are independently the same as or different from each other and are each an integer from about 0 to about 8.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound<u>is</u> represented by the structure of formula 15, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

wherein each of X and Y are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydroxyl, amino or hydroxylamino group, a substituted or

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

unsubstituted alkyloxy, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, alkylarylamino, alkyloxyamino, aryloxyamino, alkyloxyalkylamino or aryloxyalkylamino group; and each of m and n are independently the same as or different from each other and are each an integer from about 0 to about 8.

In one particular embodiment of formula $\frac{1}{2}$, each of X and Y is a hydroxyl group and each of m and n is 5.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 16, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient:

wherein each of X and Y are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydroxyl, amino or hydroxylamino group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyloxy, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, alkylarylamino, alkyloxyamino, aryloxyamino, alkyloxyalkylamino or aryloxyalkylamino group; R₁ and R₂ are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, arylalkyloxy or aryloxy group; and each of m and n are independently the same as or different from each other and are each an integer from about 0 to about 8.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound<u>is</u> represented by the structure of formula 17, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

$$X \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow CH \longrightarrow (CH_2)n \longrightarrow CH \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow Y$$
(17)

wherein each of X an Y are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydroxyl, amino or hydroxylamino group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyloxy, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, alkylarylamino, or aryloxyalkylamino group; and n is an integer from about 0 to about 8.

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003 Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

In one particular embodiment of formula 17, each of X and Y is a hydroxylamino group; R_1 is a methyl group, R_2 is a hydrogen atom; and each of m and n is 2. In another particular embodiment of formula 17, each of X and Y is a hydroxylamino group; R_1 is a carbonylhydroxylamino group, R_2 is a hydrogen atom; and each of m and n is 5. In another particular embodiment of formula 17, each of X and Y is a hydroxylamino group; each of R_1 and R_2 is a fluoro group; and each of m and n is 2.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC</u> inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 18, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

(18)

wherein each of X and Y are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydroxyl, amino or hydroxylamino group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyloxy, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, alkylarylamino, alkyloxyamino, aryloxyamino, alkyloxyalkyamino or aryloxyalkylamino group; each of R₁ and R₂ are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, aryl, alkyloxy, aryloxy, carbonylhydroxylamino or fluoro group; and each of m and n are independently the same as or different from each other and are each an integer from about 0 to about 8.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound<u>is</u> represented by the structure of formula 19, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

Att rney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

wherein each of R₁ and R₂ are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydroxyl, alkyloxy, amino, hydroxylamino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, alkylarylamino, alkyloxyamino, aryloxyamino, alkyloxyalkylamino, or aryloxyalkylamino group. In a particular embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor is a compound of structural Formula formula X19 wherein R₁ and R₂ are both hydroxylamino.

In one particular embodiment of formula 19, R_1 is a phenylamino group and R_2 is a hydroxylamino group.

In-anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound<u>is</u> represented by the structure of formula 20, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

wherein each of R₁ and R₂ are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydroxyl, alkyloxy, amino, hydroxylamino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, alkylarylamino, alkyloxyamino, aryloxyamino, alkyloxyalkylamino, or aryloxyalkylamino group. In a particular embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor is a compound of structural Formula SI20 wherein R₁ and R₂ are both hydroxylamino.

In one particular embodiment of formula XVIII, R₁ is a hydroxylamino group. In another particular embodiment of formula 21, R₂ is a hydroxylamino group. In another embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 22,21, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

wherein each of R₁ and R₂ are independently the same as or different from each other and are a hydroxyl, alkyloxy, amino, hydroxylamino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino,

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

alkylarylamino, alkyloxyamino, aryloxyamino, alkyloxyalkylamino, or aryloxyalkylamino group. In a particular embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor is a compound of structural Formula SH21 wherein R₁ and R₂ are both hydroxylamino.

In one particular embodiment of formula 23, R_1 is a phenylamino group and R_2 is a hydroxylamino group.

In anotherone embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 24,22, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

$$C \longrightarrow (CH_2)n \longrightarrow C$$
 $C \longrightarrow (CH_2)n \longrightarrow C$
 $C \longrightarrow C$

wherein R is a phenylamino group substituted with a cyano, methylcyano, nitro, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, methylaminocarbonyl, dimethylaminocarbonyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxylaminocarbonyl, N-hydroxylaminocarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, chloro, fluoro, methyl, methoxy, 2,3-difluoro, 2,4-difluoro, 2,5-difluoro, 2,6-difluoro, 3,5-difluoro, 2,3,6-trifluoro, 2,4,6-trifluoro, 1,2,3-trifluoro, 3,4,5-trifluoro, 2,3,4,5-tetrafluoro, or 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro group; and n is an integer from 4 to 8.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC</u> inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound represented by the structure of formula 2523 (m-carboxycinnamic acid bishydroxamide - CBHA), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003 Attorney D cket No: 24852-501 CIP

represented by the structure of formula 2624, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the</u> present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound<u>is</u> represented by the structure of formula <u>2725</u>, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

wherein R is a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, piperidine, thiazole, 2-pyridine, 3-pyridine or 4-pyridine and n is an integer from about 4 to about 8.

In one particular embodiment of formula 27,25, R is a substituted phenyl group. In another particular embodiment of formula 27,25, R is a substituted phenyl group, where the substituent is selected from the group consisting of methyl, cyano, nitro, thio, trifluoromethyl, amino, aminocarbonyl, methylcyano, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, 2,3-difluoro, 2,4-difluoro, 2,5-difluoro, 3,4-difluoro, 3,5-difluoro, 2,6-difluoro, 1,2,3-trifluoro, 2,3,6-trifluoro, 2,4,6-trifluoro, 3,4,5-trifluoro, 2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro, azido, hexyl, t-butyl, phenyl, carboxyl, hydroxyl, methyloxy, phenyloxy, benzyloxy, phenylaminooxy, phenylaminocarbonyl, methylaminocarbonyl, dimethylamino, dimethylaminocarbonyl, or hydroxylaminocarbonyl group.

In another particular embodiment of formula 27,25, R is a substituted or unsubstituted 2-pyridine, 3-pyridine or 4-pyridine and n is an integer from about 4 to about 8.

In anotherone embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is

Express Mail Label No.: EV399525923US Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

represented by the structure of formula 28,26, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

R---HN---C---NH----(CH₂)n----C----NHOH
$$\frac{0}{(2826)}$$

wherein R is a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, pyridine, piperidine or thiazole group and n is an integer from about 4 to about 8 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In a particular embodiment of formula 28,26, R is a substituted phenyl group. In another particular embodiment of formula 28,26, R is a substituted phenyl group, where the substituent is selected from the group consisting of methyl, evano, nitro, thio, trifluoromethyl, amino, aminocarbonyl, methylcyano, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, 2,3difluoro, 2,4-difluoro, 2,5-difluoro, 3,4-difluoro, 3,5-difluoro, 2,6-difluoro, 1,2,3trifluoro, 2,3,6-trifluoro, 2,4,6-trifluoro, 3,4,5-trifluoro, 2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro, 2,3,4,5,6pentafluoro, azido, hexyl, t-butyl, phenyl, carboxyl, hydroxyl, methyloxy, phenyloxy, benzyloxy, phenylaminooxy, phenylaminocarbonyl, methyloxycarbonyl, methylaminocarbonyl, dimethylamino, dimethylaminocarbonyl, or hydroxylaminocarbonyl group.

In another particular embodiment of formula 28,26, R is phenyl and n is 5. In another embodiment, n is 5 and R is 3-chlorophenyl.

In anotherone embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 29,27, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

wherein each of R₁ and R₂ is directly attached or through a linker and is substituted or unsubstituted, aryl (e.g., phenyl), arylalkyl (e.g., benzyl), naphthyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylamino, pyridineamino, piperidino, 9-purine-6-amino, thiazoleamino, hydroxyl, branched or unbranched alkyl, alkenyl, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, pyridyl, or

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003 Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

quinolinyl or isoquinolinyl; n is an integer from about 3 to about 10 and R₃ is a hydroxamic acid, hydroxylamino, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino or alkyloxy group. The linker can be an amide moiety, e.g., O-, -S-, -NH-, NR₅, -CH₂-, -(CH₂)_m-, -(CH=CH)-, phenylene, cycloalkylene, or any combination thereof, wherein R₅ is a substitute or unsubstituted C₁-C₅ alkyl.

In certain embodiments of formula 29,27, R₁ is -NH-R₄ wherein R₄ is substituted or unsubstituted, aryl (e.g., phenyl), arylalkyl (e.g., benzyl), naphthyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylamino, pyridineamino, piperidino, 9-purine-6-amino, thiazoleamino, hydroxyl, branched or unbranched alkyl, alkenyl, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, pyridyl, quinolinyl or isoquinolinyl.

In anotherone embodiment, the <u>HDAC</u> inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound is represented by the structure of formula 30,28, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.:

wherein each of R₁ and R₂ is, substituted or unsubstituted, aryl (e.g., phenyl), arylalkyl (e.g., benzyl), naphthyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylamino, pyridineamino, piperidino, 9-purine-6-amino, thiazoleamino, hydroxyl, branched or unbranched alkyl, alkenyl, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, pyridyl, quinolinyl or isoquinolinyl; R₃ is hydroxamic acid, hydroxylamino, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino or alkyloxy group; R₄ is hydrogen, halogen, phenyl or a cycloalkyl moiety; and A can be the same or different and represents an amide moiety, O-, -S-, -NH-, NR₅, -CH₂-, -(CH₂)_m-, -(CH=CH)-, phenylene, cycloalkylene, or any combination thereof wherein R₅ is a substitute or unsubstituted C₁-C₅ alkyl; and n and m are each an integer from 3 to 10.

In further particular embodiment <u>a</u> compounds having a more specific structure within the scope of compounds <u>2927</u> or <u>3028</u> are is <u>compound 29.÷</u>

A-compoundIn one embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention is represented by the structure of formula 31-29, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof:

Express Mail Label No.: EV399525923US

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003

Attorne

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

wherein A is an amide moiety, R₁ and R₂ are each selected from substituted or unsubstituted aryl (e.g., phenyl), arylalkyl (e.g., benzyl), naphthyl, pyridineamino, 9-purine-6-amino, thiazoleamino, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, pyridyl, quinolinyl or isoquinolinyl; and n is an integer from 3 to 10.

For example, the compound of formula $30\underline{29}$ can have the structure $31\underline{30}$ or $32\underline{31}$:

wherein R₁, R₂ and n have the meanings of Formula <u>formula 30.29</u>.

A compound In one embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention is represented by the structure of formula 3332 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof:

wherein R₇ is selected from substituted or unsubstituted aryl (e.g., phenyl), arylalkyl (e.g., benzyl), naphthyl, pyridineamino, 9-purine-6-amino, thiazoleamino, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, pyridyl, quinolinyl or isoquinolinyl; n is an integer from 3 to 10 and Y is selected from:

Express Mail Label No.: EV399525923US
Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003
Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

A compound In one embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention is represented by the structure of formula 3433 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof:

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10, Y is selected from

and R7' is selected from

Date f Deposit: December 22, 2003 Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

A compound In one embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention is represented by the structure of formula 3534 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof:

aryl (e.g., phenyl), arylalkyl (e.g., benzyl), naphthyl, pyridineamino, 9-purine-6-amino, thiazoleamino, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, pyridyl, quinolinyl or isoquinolinyl; n is an integer from 3 to 10 and R7' is selected from

A compound In one embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention is represented by the structure of formula 3635 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof:

$$R_1$$
 R_2
 R_4
 R_4

wherein A is an amide moiety, R₁ and R₂ are each selected from substituted or unsubstituted aryl (e.g., phenyl), arylalkyl (e.g., benzyl), naphthyl, pyridineamino, 9-purine-6-amino, thiazoleamino, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, pyridyl, quinolinyl or isoquinolinyl; R₄ is hydrogen, a halogen, a phenyl or a cycloalkyl moiety and n is an integer from 3 to 10.

Express Mail Label N .: EV399525923US Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

For example, the compound of formula 3635 can have the structure of formulas 36 or 37-or 38:

wherein R₁, R₂, R₄ and n have the meanings of Formula formula 36-35.

A compound In one embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor useful in the methods of the present invention is represented by the structure of formula 3938 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof:

wherein L is a linker selected from the group consisting of an amide moiety, O-, -S-, -NH-, NR₅, -CH₂-, -(CH₂)_m-, -(CH=CH)-, phenylene, cycloalkylene, or any combination thereof wherein R₅ is a substitute or unsubstituted C₁-C₅ alkyl; and wherein each of R₇ and R₈ are independently a substituted or unsubstituted aryl (e.g., phenyl), arylalkyl (e.g., benzyl), naphthyl, pyridineamino, 9-purine-6-amino, thiazoleamino, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy, pyridyl, quinolinyl or isoquinolinyl; n is an integer from 3 to 10 and m is an integer from 0-10.

For example, a compound of Formula <u>3938</u> can be: represented by the structure of formula (39):

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003 Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

Other HDAC inhibitors suitable for use in the methods of the present invention include those shown in the following more specific formulas:

A compound represented by the structure:

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10, or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula 40, n=5.

Other HDAC inhibitors suitable for use in the invention-include those shown in the following more specific formulas:

A compound represented by the structure:

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10 or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula $42 \frac{41}{1}$, n=5.

A compound represented by the structure:

Express Mail Label No.: EV399525923US

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003

Attori

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10 or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula 43 42, n=5.

A compound represented by the structure:

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10, or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula 44 43, n=5.

A compound represented by the structure:

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10 or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula 45 44, n=5.

A compound represented by the structure:

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003 Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10 or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula $46 \underline{45}$, n=5.

A compound represented by the structure:

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10 or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula 47 ± 46 , n=5.

A compound represented by the structure:

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10 or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula 48 47, n=5.

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003 Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

A compound represented by the structure:

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10 or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula 49 48, n=5.

A compound represented by the structure:

(5049)

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10 or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula $50 \, 49$, n=5.

A compound represented by the structure:

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003 Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10 or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula 51 50, n=5.

A compound represented by the structure:

wherein n is an integer from 3 to 10 or an enantiomer thereof. In one particular embodiment of formula 52 51, n=5. --

Please replace the following section beginning at page 46, line 10, ending at page 46, line 18, with the following rewritten section:

-- The invention also encompasses pharmaceutical compositions comprising hydrates of the HDAC inhibitors and/or the anti-cancer agents. The term "hydrate" includes but is not limited to hemihydrate, monohydrate, dihydrate, trihydrate and the like.

This In addition, this invention also encompasses pharmaceutical compositions comprising any solid or liquid physical form of SAHA or any of the other HDAC inhibitors. For example, The HDAC inhibitors can be in a crystalline form, in amorphous form, and have any particle size. The HDAC inhibitor particles may be micronized, or may be agglomerated, particulate granules, powders, oils, oily suspensions or any other form of solid or liquid physical form. --

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 53, line 8, ending on page 53, line 14, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- II. Syndromes combining progressive dementia with other prominent neurologic abnormalities such as A) syndromes appearing mainly in adults (e.g., Huntington's disease, Multiple system atrophy combining dementia with ataxia and/ormanifestations

Date of Deposit: December 22, 2003

Attorney Docket No: 24852-501 CIP

and/or manifestations of Parkinson's disease, Progressive supranuclear palsy (Steel-Richardson-Olszewski), diffuse Lewy body disease, and corticodentatonigral degeneration); and B) syndromes appearing mainly in children or young adults (e.g., Hallervorden-Spatz disease and progressive familial myoclonic epilepsy). --

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 61, line 14, ending on page 61, line 23, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- Figures 1 to 8 are HPLC slides showing the amount of α-AcH4 in patients in Cohorts I and II, measured at up to 10 hours after receiving the oral dose, compared with the α-AcH4 levels when SAHA was administered intravenously. Fig 9 shows the mean plasma concentration of SAHA (ng/ml) at the indicated time points following administration. Fig 9A: Oral dose (200 mg and 400 mg) under fasting on Day 8. Fig 9B: Oral dose (200 mg and 400 mg) with food on Day 9. Fig 9C: IV dose on day 1. Fig 10 shows the apparent half-life of a SAHA 200 mg and 400 mg oral dose, on Days 8, 9 and 22. Fig 11 shows the AUC (ng/ml/hr) of a SAHA 200 mg and 400 mg oral dose, on Days 8, 9 and 22. Figure 12 shows the bioavailability of SAHA after a 200 mg and 400 mg oral dose, on Days 8, 9 and 22. --

Please replace the title of Example 3 at page 62, line 1, with the following rewritten title:

-- Oral dosing of suberoylanilide <u>hydroxyamic hydroxamic</u> acid (SAHA) - Dose Escalation. --

1

28